

Right Heart Study

Prof Ruparelia will suggest proceeding to a right heart study to investigate certain cardio-pulmonary conditions or as part of work up for valvular conditions.

How should I prepare?

We often ask for you to not eat (water is fine) for 6 hours before your procedure. If you have an element of kidney failure, you may be asked to attend a little earlier than your planned procedure time so that you can be hydrated prior to the procedure. Please wear comfortable clothing.

The Procedure

Prof Ruparelia will explain every step of the procedure and recovery in detail to ensure that all questions and concerns have been addressed.

On the day of your procedure you will be asked to attend. A small cannula is usually inserted in the arm through which any medication can be administered if required.

You are awake through the procedure and some sedation can be administered if you are nervous or anxious.

Local anaesthetic is administered to numb the skin in the elbow (the most common route - rarely Prof Ruparelia may suggest that the procedure is performed via the vein at the top of the leg - femoral vein).

A small balloon tipped tube is then advanced through the vein to enable pressure and blood samples to be taken.

Duration

The procedure usually takes less than 30 minutes.

Right heart catheterisation is generally very safe with the risk of a significant complication approximately 0.1%. The most common complication includes pain, bleeding, bruising of the puncture site. There is a very small risk of cardiac injury.

After Your Test

Prof Ruparelia will explain the findings and formulate an ongoing management plan with you immediately after the procedure.

If the procedure has been performed via the arm, you are able to sit up immediately. A tight bandage is usually applied around the puncture site. Once the team are happy with the puncture site you will be allowed to go home (2-3 hours after the procedure). It is important that you have someone to take you home and be with you for the first night at home. You should take care of the puncture site for a few days to facilitate healing.